Stratford-on-Avon CCTV Evaluation Report 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024 British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'



Closed Circuit Television British Standard 7958 and The Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice' Evaluation Report 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024

BRITISH STANDARD EVALUATION OF STRATFORD-ON-AVON CCTV SCHEME

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

CONTENTS

			Page	
1.	Methodology		3	
2.	Introduction		4	
3.	Policy Statemen	t and Scheme Description	5	
4.	Purpose and Sco	pe of the CCTV Scheme	6	
5.	. Changes in Operation, Management or Policy			
6.	. Proposals for the Scheme			
7.	. Statistical Analysis and Evaluation			
8.	Conclusion		23	
9.	Appendix 'A'	Incidents – Year on Year Comparison	26	
10	. Appendix 'B'	Camera Uses	32	

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

1.0 METHODOLOGY

In order to comply with the requirements of British Standard 7958 'Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Management and Operation – Code of Practice' and the recommendations contained in the Information Commissioner's 'CCTV Code of Practice' published in October 2014 and Biometrics and Surveillance Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice' published in 2021, Stratford-on-Avon District Council commissioned Plass Solutions Ltd to conduct an evaluation of the Stratford-on-Avon CCTV system.

Whilst the Information Commissioner's 'CCTV Code of Practice' and the Biometrics and Surveillance Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice' mention that a review should be undertaken that assesses the effectiveness of the system. British Standards are specific in the criteria required to be covered by such an evaluation. However, the aforementioned Codes of Practice agree that the results of the evaluation should be publicly available.

The topics required to be covered by the British Standard are as follows:

- a) a description of the scheme and the geographical area(s) of operation the schemes policy statement
- b) the purpose and scope of the scheme
- c) any changes to the operation or management of the CCTV scheme
- d) any changes that have been made to the policy
- e) any proposals to expand or reduce the operation of the scheme
- f) the aims and objectives for the next 12 months.

The British Standard also requires the following information to be included within the review:

- g) the number of incidents recorded by the scheme
- h) the number of incidents reported to the police and where appropriate other bodies
- i) an assessment of the CCTV scheme's impact on crime levels and types of crime in the area covered by the scheme.

As the Stratford-on-Avon CCTV Control Room has achieved accreditation to the above-mentioned British Standard, the following evaluation will focus on the content of that Standard as outlined above.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

2.0 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Description of the scheme

The Stratford-on-Avon District Council CCTV system consists of 123 cameras that have been installed at strategically positioned locations in Stratford-on-Avon, Shipston-on-Stour, Alcester, Southam, Bidford-on-Avon, Wellesbourne, Studley, Henley- in- Arden and Town Square and 6 redeployable cameras. There are six car parks also covered by the surveillance system, these being at, Windsor Street, Arden Street and Bridgefoot Car Park Road, Swans Nest Road, Recreation Field and Riverside.

The system is monitored by trained and dedicated staff.

2.2 Communication

There is a dedicated CCTV transmission link to a Police control room, which is capable of receiving and monitoring live images. Other communication links exist and these include:

- Retailers
- CEO's
- Town Hosts
- Street Pastors
- Street Marshalls

2.3 System Operation

The system is monitored by dedicated staff who have received the accredited training now required by the Private Security Industry Act 2001. The system is operated and managed in accordance with current legislation and detailed CCTV Codes of Practice and Operational Procedures Manual.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

3.0 POLICY STATEMENT AND SCHEME DESCRIPTION

3.1 Closed Circuit Television

The scheme initially comprises of cameras located in specific external locations with control, monitoring and recording facilities at a dedicated location. A problem orientated process was utilised to assess the appropriateness of CCTV in the area subject of this evaluation. The cameras have therefore been sited to capture images that are relevant to the purposes for which the scheme has been established. The purposes of the CCTV scheme are outlined later in this report.

3.2 Ownership

The scheme is owned by Stratford-on-Avon District Council who is responsible for the management, administration and security of the system. The owners manage the system and ensure the protection of individuals and the public by complying with the Codes of Practice.

Should the public wish to make contact with the owners of the scheme they may write to:

The CCTV Manager
Stratford-on-Avon District Council
Elizabeth House
Church Street
Stratford on Avon
CV37 6HX

The above contact point will be available to members of the public during office hours. Enquirers will be provided with the relevant documentation on request.

3.3 Policy Statement

To promote public confidence by developing a safe and secure environment for the benefit of those employed, visiting or using the area.

To inspire public confidence by ensuring that all public area Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) systems which are linked to the Stratford-on-Avon District Council CCTV control room are operated in a manner that will secure their consistent effectiveness and preserve the civil liberty of law-abiding citizens at all times.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

4.0 THE PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE SCHEME

4.1 Purposes of the scheme

The following are the objectives for which the Stratford-on-Avon District Council CCTV system was established:

The following objectives have been established for the Stratford-on-Avon District Council CCTV and associated systems:

- a) reducing the fear of crime
- b) deterring and preventing crime
- c) assisting in the maintenance of public order and reducing offences involving vandalism and nuisance
- d) providing high quality evidence which may assist in the detection of crime and the apprehension and prosecution of offenders
- e) protecting property
- f) providing assistance with civil claims
- g) providing assistance with issues relating to public safety and health
- h) providing assistance and reassurance to the public in emergency situations

4.2 Scope of the scheme

The cameras have been sited to capture images that are relevant to the purpose for which the scheme has been established.

The scheme will be operated fairly, within the applicable law and only for the purposes for which it is established or which are subsequently agreed in accordance with the Code of Practice.

Operators are aware of the purpose for which the scheme has been established and that the CCTV equipment is only used to achieve the identified purposes.

The scheme will be operated with due regard for the privacy of the individual.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

Before cameras are placed in residential areas the residents in that area will be consulted concerning the proposed system. The results of the consultation will be taken into account.

The public interest in the operation of the scheme will be recognised by ensuring the security and integrity of operational procedures.

The system will only be operated by trained and authorised personnel.

An evaluation of the scheme will be made annually and this will be available to the public at specified locations.

Stratford-on- Avon District Council and partners support the individual's right to privacy and will insist that all agencies involved in the provision and use of Public CCTV systems connected to the Council's CCTV Control Room accept this fundamental principle as being paramount.

The scheme aims to provide surveillance of the public areas in order to fulfill the purposes of the scheme. The area protected by CCTV is indicated by the presence of signs. The signs are placed so that the public are aware that they are entering a zone which is covered by surveillance equipment. The signs state the organisation responsible for the scheme, the purposes of the scheme and a contact telephone number. Data will not be held for longer than necessary and disposal of information will be regulated.

The scheme is registered with the Information Commissioner. The registration number is Z6970487. The scheme will be managed in accordance with the principles of the Data Protection Act 2018, Human Rights Act 1998 and all other relevant legislation including the Surveillance Camera Code of Practice.

Reviews of Data Protection and Legal requirements are taken annually.

4.3 Personnel

All personnel involved with the monitoring of CCTV have or are in the process of being security screened in accordance with British Standard 7858.

4.4 Training

All employees engaged in the monitoring and operation of CCTV have received training to the standards required by the Private Security Industry Act 2001. As a further requirement of the above Act all operators will be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

4.5 Operation of the scheme

The system is operated in accordance with a recognised Code of Practice and Procedural manual. The scheme is registered with the Information Commissioner, details of which can be obtained from the Information Commissioners web site. The scheme operates within the requirements of the Data Protection Act 2018, Human Rights Act 1998 and relevant legislation.

4.6 Audit

As mentioned in the introduction, the scheme is required to be independently monitored this includes a review of the scheme's operation and working practices.

An audit has been undertaken on 5th April 2024, prior to this evaluation report which considered the following;

a) the level of attainment of objectives and procedures.

The level of attainment of objectives is covered in the main evaluation. The statistics relate to the 2023/2024 period. Procedures are governed by the Code of Practice and Procedural Manual. These were reviewed and comply with relevant processes and legislation in particular the Data Protection Act 2018 and Human Rights Act 1998.

b) random audits of the data log and the release of information

All administrative documentation, which incorporate the release of information and incident reports in connection with this scheme were examined and all appear to be completed in accordance with the Procedural Manual.

c) the review policy

The review policy is outlined within the Code of Practice. Procedures are reviewed on an ongoing basis in order to comply with procedures and legislation.

d) standard of costs for the release or viewing of material

The Information Commissioner states that requests are free of charge to the Data Subject. However, Stratford-upon-Avon District Council may charge reasonable fees when responding to manifestly unfounded or excessive requests. There have been no Subject Access Requests during 2023/2024.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

e) legislation

At the time of the above audit all legislative requirements appear compliant.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

5.0 CHANGES IN OPERATION, MANAGEMENT OR POLICY

As reflected in the Code of Practice, any major changes to the Code of Practice take place only after consultation with the relevant management group and upon agreement of the organisations with a participatory role in the operation of the system.

- **5.1** Major changes to the code are defined as changes which affect its fundamental principles and shall be deemed to include:
 - additions and omissions of cameras to the matters which have privacy
 - implications
 - additions to permitted uses criteria e.g. purposes of the scheme
 - changes in the right of access to personal data, except statutory requirements
 - significant legal implications.
- **5.2** Minor changes to this Code of Practice are defined as operational and procedural matters which do not affect the fundamental principles and purposes; these include:
 - additions and omissions of contractors
 - additional clarifications, explanations and corrections to the existing code
 - additions to the code of practice in order to conform to the requirements of
 - any statutory Acts and changes in criminal legislation

A minor change may be agreed between the manager and the owner of the system.

The Code of Practice is subject to annual review. A copy of the Code of Practice can be obtained by writing to:

The CCTV Manager
Stratford-on-Avon District Council
Elizabeth House
Church Street
Stratford on Avon
CV37 6HX

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

6.0 PROPOSALS FOR THE SCHEMES INCLUDING AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The Stratford-on-Avon District Council CCTV control room utilises the latest technology in Closed Circuit Television. This is seen as being beneficial to all those who visit, reside and work in the area and in particular to those with special needs.

The aims and objectives remain the same and these are the prevention and detection of crime, to reduce the fear of crime and make the area safe environment.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

7.0 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION

In order to achieve meaningful evaluation, the CCTV scheme must be assessed against specific performance indicators which are relevant to the objectives of the scheme. This can be achieved by utilising baskets of indicators which are divided into the categories of Contextual, Key and Support Indicators.

7.1 Contextual Indicators

Contextual Indicators relate to the circumstances or background surrounding the particular initiative. In this case the purposes of the CCTV are mainly to prevent and detect crime. Indicators will include both British Crime Statistics and Police Recorded statistics for this type of crime.

7.2 Key Indicators

Key Indicators are closely related to the actual objectives of the particular initiative and attempt to measures its effect. This will include the total crime for the police area. Also included in this category will be the number of incidents reported by the Stratford-on - Avon District Council CCTV Control Room to police and other agencies.

7.3 Support Indicators

Support Indicators are used to refute or verify the key indicators. The measurements will include the number of media seized by police which contain evidential value.

7.4 EVALUATION

7.4.1 Contextual Indicators

The responsibility for the publication of crime statistics transferred from the Home Office to Office of National Statistics (ONS) in April 2012, with the year starting on 1st July and finishing on 30th June. The following information has been taken from the ONS website.

The latest figures from the Crime Survey for England and Wales (CSEW) showed that there were an estimated 8.5 million offences in the year ending September 2023. While the latest figures do not show a statistically significant change in total crime compared with the year ending September 2022, they do follow a long-term downward trend and more recent falls since the beginning of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, with total crime 17% lower than the year ending March 2020. Compared with the year ending September 2022, there was some variation for individual crime types:

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

- Fraud decreased by 13%, with notable reductions in advance fee fraud (33%) and other fraud (40%).
- Computer misuse increased by 30%, mainly because of a 36% rise in unauthorised access to personal information.
- Criminal damage decreased by 21%, including a 30% fall in criminal damage to a vehicle.

The CSEW remains the best estimate of long-term trends in crimes against the household population for the crimes included in the survey. However, estimates for the year ending September 2022 and September 2023 should be interpreted with caution. The CSEW estimates presented for the year ending September 2022 are based on lower than usual interview numbers following the gradual return to face-to-face interviewing from October 2021 (20,980 respondents). Both years are subject to lower response rates, which may affect the quality of the estimates. For more information, see the Office for Statistics Regulation's Temporary suspension of National Statistics status for estimates from the Crime Survey for England and Wales note.

Although police recorded crime does not tend to be a good indicator of general trends in crime, it can give more insight into lower-volume, but higher-harm offences reported to the police, including those that the survey does not cover or capture well. Data for the year ending September 2023 showed:

- The number of homicides decreased by 9% to 591 offences compared with the year ending September 2022 (651 offences).
- Police recorded robbery offences increased by 12% to 79,091 offences compared with the year ending September 2022 (70,792 offences), but they remained 12% lower than the year ending March 2020 (90,187 offences).
- Offences involving knives or sharp instruments (excluding Greater Manchester Police and Devon and Cornwall Police) increased by 5% (to 48,716 offences) compared with the year ending September 2022 (46,367 offences), but remain 5% lower compared with the year ending March 2020 (51,228 offences).
- Offences involving firearms (excluding Devon and Cornwall Police) increased by 3% (to 6,233 offences) compared with the year ending September 2022 (6,024 offences).

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

- Theft offences increased by 9% to 1.8 million offences compared with the previous year, this was largely a result of a 32% increase in shoplifting offences.
- There was a slight increase (2%) in vehicle offences compared with the previous year, which included an 8% increase in theft or unauthorised taking of a motor vehicle compared with year ending September 2022 and a 17% increase compared with the pre-coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic year ending March 2020.

According to Crime Survey for England and Wales (CSEW) estimates for the year ending September 2023, people aged 16 years and over experienced 8.5 million offences, no significant change compared with the year ending September 2022 (9.1 million offences). However, this follows a long-term downward trend and more recent falls since the beginning of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, with total crime 17% lower than the year ending March 2020 (10.2 million offences).

The latest CSEW figures are based on interviews conducted between October 2022 and September 2023, measuring experiences of crime in the 12 months before the interview. This means these crimes could have occurred any time between October 2021 and August 2023. Similarly, the year ending September 2022 will include crimes committed during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and as early as October 2020. Crime Survey estimates are not currently designated as National Statistics. Please use these data with caution because of the potential impact of lower response rates on data quality. Since the mid-1990s, there have been long-term falls in overall CSEW crime estimates. However, long-term trends vary by crime type.

For crimes that come to the attention of the police, police recorded crime has wider coverage than the CSEW as it includes offences against all people (including those aged under 16 years old and the non-household population), and businesses, as well as victimless crimes, such as drug taking.

Improvements to recording processes and practices by the police, expansions of the recorded crime collection to include new offences, variations in police activity, more victims reporting crime, and genuine increases in some types of crime, have each made substantial contributions to rises in recorded crime over recent years. This effect has been more pronounced for some crime types. For some types of offence these figures do not provide reliable trends in crime.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

Police recorded crime in England and Wales in the year ending September 2023 was relatively stable with a 1% increase on the previous year. Overall, 6.7 million crimes were recorded in the year ending September 2023 compared with 6.6 million in the year ending September 2022. Notable increases were observed in shoplifting and fraud offences against businesses and other organisations (which are not included in the CSEW). Information on the investigative outcomes of crimes recorded by the police can be found in the Home Office's Crime outcomes in England and Wales publication.

7.4.2 Key Indicators

During 2023/24 the recorded crime in Warwickshire has decreased by 8.2%.

Crime	Number of Incidents	Annual % Change
Anti-Social Behaviour	7,746	-16.7%
Bike Theft	515	15.5%
Burglary	2,301	-2.4%
Criminal Damage	3,461	-15.3%
Drugs	1,098	9.3%
Possession of weapons	701	12.0%
Public Order	3,263	-12.4%
Other Crime	1,092	3.6%
Other Theft	3,389	-14.6%
Robbery	390	3.2%
Shoplifting	3,001	20.2%
Theft from a Person	273	1.1%
Vehicle	4,122	-14.6%
Violence	17,050	-6.1%
TOTAL	48,402	-8.2%

The Police crime map uses data from local forces. The hotspots give only a loose idea of where crimes happened. Actual locations and details of crimes are kept anonymous.

7.4.3 Stratford-on- Avon District Crime Statistics

The following tables depict the number of offences for 2019/2020 to 2023/2024. The availability of crime statistics covering Stratford on Avon is through the Police website, however, it should be noted, that due to Covid-19 the Police changed how they record data on their website and it is not possible to explore the exact locations of the cameras. The figures below are a cluster of the area.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

Stratford-upon- Avon

Month	No: of Offences 2019/2020	No: of Offences 2020/2021	No: of Offences 2021/2022	No: of Offences 2022/2023	No: of Offences 2023/2024
April	121	70	102	89	77
May	106	47	99	107	60
June	101	64	142	113	86
July	151	63	122	97	76
August	139	67	126	104	92
September	120	74	122	82	79
October	158	41	104	95	83
November	107	47	86	137	87
December	160	54	95	146	110
January	100	48	99	111	85
February	136	43	95	137	94
March	139	42	82	112	96
Total	1538	660	1274	1330	1025

Studley

Month	No: of Offences	1	No: of Offences	No: of Offences	No: of Offences
IVIOTILIT					
	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
April	25	19	40	22	20
May	30	16	17	15	30
June	26	20	19	14	15
July	15	20	23	21	11
August	14	14	23	27	14
September	21	14	11	18	11
October	13	17	8	12	21
November	10	12	6	8	10
December	17	20	13	16	18
January	19	12	23	13	16
February	19	6	7	14	24
March	16	9	18	14	18
Total	200	179	208	194	208

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

Alcester

Month	No: of Offences				
	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
April	5	5	2	6	5
May	22	4	6	4	16
June	21	6	2	4	6
July	21	11	2	0	11
August	12	7	0	2	9
September	11	12	1	5	7
October	11	7	2	5	11
November	4	2	6	6	14
December	21	10	6	3	22
January	19	4	2	6	3
February	15	5	1	1	8
March	18	8	1	1	11
Total	180	81	31	43	123

Southam

	Month No: of Offences No: of Offences No: of Offences No: of Offences				
Month	No: of Offences		No: of Offences	No: of Offences	No: of Offences
	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
April	3	2	1	5	8
May	2	4	9	2	6
June	2	7	2	3	5
July	3	4	2	4	9
August	2	4	3	6	6
September	4	2	4	10	8/
October	5	5	1	3	10
November	9	0	4	3	4
December	5	0	8	3	6
January	3	2	4	1	4
February	7	0	7	2	4
March	5	5	2	6	3
Total	50	35	47	48	73

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

Wellesbourne

Month	No: of Offences				
	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
April	6	10	5	6	3
May	12	14	2	5	3
June	14	7	1	7	5
July	10	6	3	1	5
August	11	6	1	4	6
September	10	10	3	0	6
October	12	20	6	1	4
November	0	5	7	5	4
December	17	28	8	5	6
January	10	10	0	1	3
February	12	13	1	3	9
March	8	4	0	6	5
Total	122	133	37	44	59

Henley-in-Arden

Month	No: of Offences 2019/2020	No: of Offences 2020/2021	No: of Offences 2021/2022	No: of Offences 2022/2023	No: of Offences 2023/2024
April	4	4	3	4	6
May	3	4	1	3	7
June	0	6	13	4	3
July	2	12	5	4	2
August	7	7	4	3	2
September	4	3	10	4	3
October	3	4	3	3	6
November	4	7	5	3	3
December	1	6	11	2	4
January	7	10	8	3	4
February	4	3	5	2	1
March	2	7	10	3	1
Total	41	73	78	38	42

During 2019/2020, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 2,131. The most prominent category of offence was for anti-social behaviour, which included rowdiness or nuisances.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

During 2020/2021, there was a decrease in crimes and offences to 1161. The most prominent category of offence was for anti-social behaviour, which included rowdiness or nuisances.

During 2021/2022, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 1675. The most prominent category of offence was for violence and sexual offences.

During 2022/2023, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 1697. The most prominent category of offence was for anti-social behaviour.

In 2023/2025, there was a decrease in crimes and offences to 1530. The most prominent category of offence was for Violence and Sexual Offences.

7.4.4 Incident Reports by CCTV Operators

During 2019/2020, there were 3,386 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to a fall of 20.3%. During 2020/2021, there were 5,115 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to an increase of 51.1%. During 2021/2022, there were 3,200 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to a decrease of 37.4%. During 2022/2023, there were 3,931 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to an increase of 22.8%. In 2023/2024, there were 7,088 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equates to an increase of 80.3%. A table showing the categories of incidents can be found in Appendix 'A' of this report.

The operators also carry out regular patrols. The following table records the routine patrols completed:

2020/2021	14,854
2021/2022	13,142
2022/2023	46,758
2023/2024	8,084

7.4.5 Viewing and Seizure of evidence

The viewing and subsequent copying/seizure of recorded images can act as an indicator to support or refute the effectiveness of the scheme in obtaining meaningful evidence. However, it is difficult, if not impossible to ascertain from police records whether the images viewed have been used as evidence to obtain a conviction at court, assisted in any other clearance process or been used for intelligence purposes. Whilst officers complete a log when they receive copy DVDs/USBs, the audit trail is difficult to trace from this point and this is the case with most CCTV schemes.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

The following table records how many DVDs or portable storage device (USB) have been reviewed by the Police and seized as evidence:

Year	Requested Viewings	DVDs/USBs
2020/2021	1248	186
2021/2022	41	283
2022/2023	184	170
2023/2024	288	210

There have been no RIPA requests in the period of April 2023 to March 2024.

The following table records how many DVDs/portable storage devices (USB) or still images have been issues as evidence to third parties:

Year	Insurance Requests	DVDs issued	Other (inc Council)	DVDs issued
			Requests	
2021/2022	15	7	0	0
2022/2023	74*	3	6	4
2023/2024	21	4	27	20

Note *: Stratford upon Avon District Council has received 74 requests from insurance companies, however 55 of these relate to Stratford in London; these have therefore been passed to Lewisham Council to process.

Requests have been received for footage captured by the redeployable cameras:

Year	Evidence issued
2022/2023	3
2023/2024	6

7.4.6 Camera Usage

All systems must comply with the Information Commissioners CCTV Code of Practice, which are based on the requirements of the Data Protection Act 2018 and Human Rights Act 1998. The following extracts are amongst the requirements:

"You should review regularly whether the use of CCTV continues to be justified. You will have to renew your notification yearly, so this would be an appropriate time to consider the ongoing use of CCTV".

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

The document further asserts:

"...there should be a periodic review (at least annually) of the system's effectiveness to ensure that it is still doing what it was intended to do. If it does not achieve its purpose, it should be stopped or modified."

In order to comply with the last requirement, it is necessary to focus on individual camera usage and the following section provides some information which may assist.

During the monitoring of an incident, it is normal practice to use a number of cameras and therefore the following analysis will have no resemblance to the actual number of incidents, shown in the previous table. However, it will provide an indication of the usefulness of each camera to the overall system when dealing with incidents. It may reflect, for instance, that the camera forms part of a group of cameras used for tracking purposes.

There is a total of 123 cameras and 6 redeployable cameras installed in the Stratford-on - Avon District Council CCTV Control Room. All cameras are monitored by the CCTV Control Room.

The 123 cameras and 6 redeployable cameras have been used 82,228 times during the period under review, this equates to an average of 637 uses for each camera. Taking the above averages for each camera system and using a similar principle to that previously adopted with other Local Authorities, all cameras registering lower than 319 uses, this being half the average for each location, will fall into the category of being 'at risk'. During 2023/2024 there are 16 cameras and 6 redeployable cameras which fell below the above criteria; however 5 out of the 16 were only installed in September/October 2023. It should also be noted that the Synectics system cannot detect the cameras at Bell Court, therefore the usage of cameras for this location cannot be verified. Further investigations into the performance of cameras and continued availability will need to be assessed especially if those cameras have been faulty for extended periods.

This analysis does not mean that the 'at risk cameras' should automatically be decommissioned, as further investigation should be made. A formal process is required in order to ensure that all avenues, such as consultation, cost implications etcetera are undertaken prior to any decisions, as this will avoid problems that have previously been experienced by other Local Authorities. A list of all cameras and usages can be found in Appendix 'B' of this report.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

7.4.7 Complaints

A member of the public wishing to make a complaint about the system may do so through Stratford-on-Avon Council's complaint procedure. A copy of the complaint procedure is available by writing to:

The CCTV Manager
Stratford-on-Avon District Council
Elizabeth House
Church Street
Stratford- on- Avon
CV378 6HX

A complaints procedure has been documented. A record of the number of complaints or enquiries received will be maintained together with an outline of the action taken.

During the period of evaluation there have been no complaints received.

7.4.8 Compliments

A member of the public or organisation wishing to make a compliment about the system may do so by writing to:

The CCTV Manager
Stratford-on-Avon District Council
Elizabeth House
Church Street
Stratford-on- Avon
CV378 6HX

A record of the number of compliments received is maintained. During the period of evaluation there have been 13 received. Trend identified is the help and support given by the control room staff.

7.4.9 Subject Access requests

During 2023/2024 there have been no Subject Access Requests received.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 Retrieval of Statistics

The retrieval of crime and offence statistics has proved difficult as resources have been reduced. The statistics have therefore been obtained from the Home Office and Police websites. The analytical process on the Home Office crime mapping website has altered and therefore comparisons of crime statistics have not been possible. Similarly, the Police has changed the way crime data can be extracted from its website due to the pandemic.

8.2 The CCTV Scheme

Whilst it is inadvisable to rely solely on Police statistics to evaluate the effectiveness of CCTV as they are notoriously unreliable due to the complexity of the reporting procedures, it is all that is required to comply with accreditation with the British Standard. More in-depth research would need to be undertaken for a reliable conclusion to be made.

The availability of crime statistics for the policing area covering Stratford-on- Avon District is available through the online website for the Police mapping facility. During 2019/2020, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 2,131. The most prominent category of offence remained anti-social behaviour. During 2020/2021, there was a decrease in crimes and offences to 1,161. During 2021/2022, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 1,675. The most prominent category of offence was violence and sexual. During 2022/2023, there was an increase in crimes and offences to 1,697. The most prominent category of offence was anti-social behaviour. In 2023/2024, there was a decrease in crimes and offences to 1,530. The most prominent category of offence was for Violence and Sexual Offences.

However, as mentioned previously, the data collected from the Police website covers incidents in the general area of the cameras rather than the specific location. Without a more detailed analysis it is difficult to establish if the CCTV has had positive effect and it will be necessary to monitor and evaluate the system over the next 12 months.

During 2019/2020, there were 3,386 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to a fall of 20.3%. During 2020/2021, there were 5,115 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to an increase of 51.1%. During 2021/2022, there were 3,200 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to a decrease of 37.4%. During 2022/2023, there were 3,931 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equated to an increase of 22.8%. In 2023/2024, there were 7,088 incidents recorded by the CCTV operators, this equates to an increase of 80.3%. A table showing the categories of incidents can be found in Appendix 'A' of this report.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

In 2023/2024 there have been 288 viewings by the Police with 210 evidence packs issued to the Police.

Included in this report are the following locations which benefit from CCTV systems:

- Alcester
- Bidford-on- Avon
- Earlswood
- Henley-in-Arden
- Shipston-on- Avon
- Southam
- Stratford- upon- Avon
- Studley
- Wellesbourne

The analysis for these locations can be found in the body of the report.

8.3 Camera Uses

It is necessary to be able to justify the existence of each camera which forms part of the CCTV scheme and the only measurement, is when it has been used during an incident. It should be explained that when monitoring of an incident, it is normal practice to use a number of cameras and therefore the analysis will have no resemblance to the actual number of incidents. However, it will provide an indication of the usefulness of each camera to the overall system when dealing with incidents.

There is a total of 123 cameras installed in the Stratford-on- Avon District Council CCTV Control Room and 6 redeployable cameras. All cameras are monitored by the CCTV Control Room. The cameras have been used 82,228 times during the period under review, this equates to an average of 637 uses for each camera. Taking the above averages for each camera system and using a similar principle to that previously adopted with other Local Authorities, all cameras registering lower than 319 use, this being half the average for each location, will fall into the category of being 'at risk'. During 2023/2024 there are 16 cameras and 6 redeployable cameras which fell below the above criteria; however 5 out of the 16 were only installed in September/October 2023. It should also be noted that the Synectics system cannot detect the cameras at Bell Court, therefore the usage of cameras for this location cannot be verified. Further investigations into the performance of cameras and continued availability will need to be assessed especially if those cameras have been faulty for extended periods.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

8.4 Assessment

The purposes and scope of the scheme are detailed in Section four of this report and these include the prevention and detection of offences. Whilst it is not possible to make an assumption that the CCTV system is actually preventing offences it is a component part of the preventative package.

To remove or modify the use of the CCTV system may also detract from a further identified purpose, this being to reduce the fear of crime. It is therefore recommended that at present the system is effective in achieving its purpose, however, there appears to be no current research available which indicates the perceptions of the public, residents and those working in the area covered by the cameras.

It is recommended that future evaluations should include a more in-depth analysis of each camera location with a view to justifying their existence and ascertaining if each camera remains appropriate.

8.5 Future Evaluations

It is recommended that the Stratford-on- Avon District Council CCTV scheme be evaluated on an annual basis This will ensure continued compliance with the British Standard, which is assessed each year, it will also provide compliance with legislation and the Surveillance Camera Codes.

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

			APPENDIX A						
	Stratford	Alcester	2019/2020 Bidford	Henley	Shipston	Studley	Southam	Wellesbourne	Total
Missing /	00.00.010.	7 00000			opoto	- Granding y			1000.
Wanted									
Person	92	10	5	4	8	12	10	4	145
Criminal		_	_		_		_		_
Damage	24	2	0	0	1	2	5	1	35
Public Order	196	27	9	12	34	35	18	13	344
Vehicle Crime									
/ Interference	31	8	1	7	7	6	0	4	71
Theft	299	20	6	4	15	13	7	9	373
Burglary	26	6	7	7	0	7	9	15	84
Robbery	15	1	0	1	3	3	0	0	27
Drug Related	42	1	0	1	4	3	10	1	62
Incidents									
Involving									
Traffic	78	9	4	6	22	17	9	4	149
Susp Person,									
Behaviour Or									
Circumstance	887	116	39	46	167	157	90	103	1605
Intelligence									
Centred	49	6	2	2	4	4	0	0	76
Nuisance									
Behaviour	68	5	2	0	5	14	6	2	102
Racial									
Aggression	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
All Other /									
Uncategorized									
Incidents	135	12	6	6	19	16	14	7	215
Routine Patrol	578	962	911	853	631	618	806	869	6228
Bollards	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47
ANPR	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	6
Street									
Drinking	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	8
Begging	48	0	0	2	1	2	2	1	56
Drunk in									
Charge of									
Vehicle	43	4	2	3	5	12	4	8	81
Assault /			_	_			_	_	
Affray	116	12	4	3	10	16	8	6	175
All Welfare									
Incidents	362	56	16	19	44	30	40	20	587
Accidental									
Press	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3145	1258	1016	976	990	968	1052	1073	10478

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

	Incidents 2020/2021								
	Stratford	Alcester	Bidford	Henley	Shipston	Studley	Southam	Wellesbourne	Total
ASB	122	2	2	0	1	8	8	1	144
Affray	28	0	2	1	2	2	0	0	35
Alarm Activation	19	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	31
ANPR	40	0	0	4	1	0	3	3	51
Assault	51	0	2	2	3	3	2	3	66
Begging	240	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	242
Bike Theft	6	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	9
Bollards	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140
Breach of Conditions	48	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	52
Burglary	26	5	1	3	4	5	3	2	49
Concern for Welfare	365	20	12	19	23	16	34	7	496
Criminal Damage	28	0	2	1	1	3	4	0	39
Driving Impaired	25	2	0	3	2	4	4	1	41
Drugs	62	1	0	0	3	3	2	2	73
Fraud	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5
Intelligence	93	1	0	0	3	1	1	1	100
Major Incident	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12
Medical Emergency	11	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	14
Missing/Wanted Persons	106	17	4	3	2	8	4	3	147
Motoring Incidents	75	3	1	2	3	4	0	1	89
Nuisance	73	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	80
Ops by Prosecuting Auth.	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	9
Other Crime	61	0	3	0	3	1	2	3	73
Possession of Weapons	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	11
Public Disorder	221	7	10	5	6	8	6	4	267
Road Traffic Collision	14	0	2	1	2	2	1	0	22
Robbery	17	2	1	0	0	5	1	1	27
Sexual Assault	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	6
Suspicious	1792	117	73	41	131	110	77	82	2423
Theft	246	1	2	2	7	4	2	1	265
Vehicle crime	52	6	6	6	11	7	8	1	97
TOTAL	3998	188	127	96	218	203	166	119	5115

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

	Inci	dents 2021/	2022		APPENDIX A				
	Stratford	Alcester	Bidford	Henley	Shipston	Studley	Southam	Wellesbourne	Total
ASB	57	2	2	2	4	3	2	0	72
Affray	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	8
Alarm Activation	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
ANPR	11	0	0	3	0	1	1	2	18
Assault	55	3	1	0	7	5	3	0	74
Begging	445	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	446
Bike Theft	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	6
Bollards	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Breach of Conditions	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
Burglary	9	3	3	5	3	3	4	0	30
Concern for Welfare	207	1	9	5	13	9	34	0	278
Criminal Damage	19	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	21
Driving Impaired	34	2	0	4	2	3	4	0	49
Drugs	35	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	41
Fraud	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	9
Intelligence	91	2	2	0	3	2	3	1	104
Major Incident	0	2	0	0	0	2	3	0	7
Medical Emergency	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
Missing/Wanted Persons	53	13	8	0	2	3	13	9	101
Motoring Incidents	38	1	1	3	3	2	1	1	50
Nuisance	56	3	0	3	2	0	0	0	64
Ops by Prosecuting Auth.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Other Crime	213	19	12	12	24	15	21	12	328
Possession of Weapons	8	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	12
Public Disorder	196	6	11	6	13	13	22	2	269
Road Traffic Collision	27	1	2	3	3	0	4	3	43
Robbery	16	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	19
Sexual Assault	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Suspicious	613	28	23	9	28	29	35	39	804
Theft	228	3	0	5	9	1	3	1	250
Vehicle crime	19	2	0	11	2	2	0	2	38
TOTAL	2502	95	75	71	121	99	164	73	3200

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

		Inc		APPENDIX A						
	Stratford	Alcester	Bidford	Henley	Earlswood	Shipston	Studley	Southam	Wellesbourne	Total
Alarm Activation	15	1	1	1	2	1	0	4	3	28
ASB	103	4	10	0	0	3	1	1	0	122
Burglary	14	5	1	5	2	3	2	5	1	38
Concern for Welfare	260	11	6	2	8	19	14	24	8	352
Criminal Damage	24	9	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	38
Drugs	79	1	0	0	4	1	1	2	1	89
Theft	199	1	2	0	2	4	4	1	1	214
Bike Theft	11	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	15
Possession of Weapons	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	7
Public Disorder	363	12	10	8	2	12	17	24	13	461
Road Traffic Collision	25	1	3	1	0	1	3	3	1	38
Motoring Incidents	32	3	3	1	2	5	2	2	1	51
Robbery	14	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	1	21
Vehicle Crime	43	4	5	11	0	2	2	7	2	76
Assault	64	4	1	1	0	2	6	4	1	83
Affray	32	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	35
Sexual offences	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Other Crime	31	2	1	1	1	8	5	5	5	59
Missing/Wanted Persons	80	11	5	2	0	35	5	9	2	149
Begging	689	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	689
Intelligence	65	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	74
Ops by Prosecuting Auth.	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	6
Major Incident	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Fraud	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	5
ANPR	28	0	1	2	0	2	3	2	0	38
Driving Impaired	57	2	1	0	2	1	1	2	1	67
Bollards	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Nuisance	112	0	2	0	2	5	1	3	0	125
Suspicion	697	38	47	20	6	38	20	27	24	917
Medical Emergency	11	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	14
Breach of Condition	30	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	31
TOTAL	3177	114	106	57	37	150	91	130	69	3931

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

	Incidents 2023/2024									APPENDIX A	
	Stratford	Bell Court	Alcester	Bidford	Henley	Earlswood	Shipston	Studley	Southam	Wellesbourne	Total
Alarm Activation	26	2	0	2	3	0	3	1	1	1	39
ASB	768	23	6	9	3	5	6	10	13	3	846
Burglary	49	2	6	5	9	3	8	17	10	5	114
Concern for Welfare	583	25	25	12	19	9	23	25	30	15	766
Criminal Damage	35	5	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	47
Flooding	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	4	2	12
Street Drinking	180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180
Drugs	70	9	4	9	2	1	5	10	16	5	131
Theft	313	13	2	3	3	1	2	2	6	3	348
Bike Theft	32	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
Possession of Weapons	29	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	32
Public Disorder	387	27	9	11	6	5	19	18	18	4	504
Road Traffic Collision	57	1	1	1	0	0	8	9	6	9	92
Motoring Incidents	84	2	5	4	2	0	5	10	4	1	117
Robbery	15	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	21
Vehicle Crime	25	1	10	9	10	3	3	11	3	7	82
Assault	84	6	3	1	1	2	2	6	5	1	111
Affray	19	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20
Sexual offences	23	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	28
Other Crime	63	0	1	3	2	1	0	1	2	0	73
Wanted Persons	32	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	9	1	49
Missing Persons	126	1	10	9	2	1	4	10	16	6	185
Begging	217	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	218
Intelligence	93	0	1	8	2	1	1	1	1	0	108
Ops by Prosecuting Auth.	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Major Incident	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Fraud	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
ANPR	99	0	4	2	9	0	0	1	1	2	118
Driving Impaired	67	0	4	0	3	0	2	9	10	3	98
Bollards	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
Nuisance	123	17	0	7	2	1	0	4	5	2	161
Suspicion	1801	85	69	81	27	30	73	83	90	36	2375

Stratford-on-Avon CCTV Evaluation Report

1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

Medical Emergency	16	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	21
Breach of Condition	109	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112
TOTAL	5569	233	168	183	106	63	171	234	254	107	7088

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

APPENDIX 'B'

Camera Uses 2023 - 2024

Camera	Count
1 - Bridge St	4380
2 – Waterside (installed in October 2023)	296
3 - Sheep St	1820
4 - Wood St	3271
5 - Henley St	1047
6 - Rother Mkt	3450
7 - Bancroft Gardens	683
8 - Swans Nest Lane	433
9 - Riverside CP	382
10 - Greenhill St	2073
11 - Meer St	2042
12 - Rec Ground CP1	220
13 - Skate Park	348
14 - Alcester Rd	797
15 - Windsor St	653
16 - Guild St	1753
17 - Gyratory	882
18 - Rec Ground CP2	193
19 - Bridgeway C/P	276
20 - Gyratory	822
21 - Bridgeway C/P	199
22 - Birmingham Rd Maybird Centre	1246
23 - Birmingham Rd Tesco	719
24 - Shipston Road Waitrose	229
25 - Birmingham Road / Guild Street	975
26 - Birmingham Road (McDonalds)	1105
27 - Shipston Road (Banbury Road Junction)	424
28 - Bulls Head Yard Alcester	891
29 - High St 1 Alcester	886
30 - Swan St CP Alcester	837
31 - High St 2 Alcester	836
32 - Hopkins Precinct	971
33 - High St 1 Shipston	1243
34 - High St 2 Shipston	967
35 - Sheep St Shipston	894

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

______ 36 - Church St Shipston 1056 37 - Telegraph St CP Shipston 895 38 - Mill St CP 925 39 - Darlinscote Road Shipston 813 40 - Shipston Leisure centre 760 41 - Wood St CP 1 Southam 1039 42 - Wood St CP 2 Southam 1025 43 - High St Southam 1066 44 - Market Hill Southam 970 45 – Wattons Lane Southam 861 46 – Park Lane Southam 891 47 - Pound Way, Southam 192 55 - High St Henley 1196 56 - High St Henley 1102 62 - High St 1 Bidford 1120 63 - High St 2 Bidford 1075 64 - Honeybourne Road, Bidford 1065 65 - Warwick Rd Wellesbourne 1169 66 - Kineton Rd Wellesbourne 1094 67 - Ettington Rd Wellesbourne 1132 68 - Loxley Close, Wellesbourne 915 70 - Pool Rd Studley 915 71 - Alcester Rd 1 Studley 984 72 - Alcester Rd 2 Studley 1309 73 - Redditch Rd, Studley 935 74 - High St Studley 1120 75 - Pool Rd CP Studley 1008 76 - Bridgefoot Car Park 498 78 - Bridgefoot Car Park 417 79 - Bridgefoot Car Park 444 333 80 - Bridgefoot Car Park 81 - Bridgefoot Car Park 314 82 - Bridgefoot Car Park 306 83 - Bridgefoot Car Park 417 84 - Bridgefoot Car Park 456 85 - Bridgefoot Car Park 487 86 - Bridgefoot Car Park 304 87 - Bridgefoot Car Park 402 88 - Bridgefoot Car Park 295 89 - Bridgefoot Car Park 358

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

.....

90 - Bridgefoot Car Park	1132
91 - Bridgefoot Car Park	532
92 - Bridgefoot Car Park	438
93 - Bridgefoot Car Park	356
94 - Bridgefoot Car Park	387
95 - Bridgefoot Car Park	304
96 - Bridgefoot Car Park	342
97 – Windsor Street Car Park	446
98 - Windsor Street Car Park	412
99 - Windsor Street Car Park	397
100 - Windsor Street Car Park	410
101 - Windsor Street Car Park	408
102 - Windsor Street Car Park	392
103 - Windsor Street Car Park	395
104 - Windsor Street Car Park	391
105 - Windsor Street Car Park	407
106 - Windsor Street Car Park	387
107 - Windsor Street Car Park	402
108 - Windsor Street Car Park	403
109 - Windsor Street Car Park	393
110 - Windsor Street Car Park	399
111 - Windsor Street Car Park	694
117 – Evesham Road	427
126 – Arden St Car Park	494
127 – Arden St Car Park	233
128 – Arden St Car Park	374
130 – Malt House Lane Earlswood	1149
131 - Rear of Cricket Ground (installed in September 2023)	155
132 - Natural Play Area (installed in September 2023)	71
133 - Station Bridge (installed in September 2023)	729
134 - RSC (installed in September 2023)	70
201 - Bell Court	0
202 - Bell Court	0
203 - Bell Court	0
204 - Bell Court	0
205 - Bell Court	0
206 - Bell Court	0
207 - Bell Court	0
208 - Bell Court	0

British Standard 7958 and Biometrics and Surveillance Camera Commissioner's 'Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'

209 - Bell Court	0
210 - Bell Court	0
211 - Bell Court	0
212 - Bell Court	0
213 - Bell Court	0
214 - Bell Court	0
215 - Bell Court	0
216 - Bell Court	0
217 - Bell Court	0
218 - Bell Court	0
501 – Redeployable (Josephs way)	116
503 - Redeployable (Drayton Av)	73
505 - Redeployable (Drayton Av)	89
507 – Redeployable (Hopkins Precinct)	46
509 – Redeployable (Drayton Close)	31
510 – Redeployable (Waterside Toilets / M40 South Bound Lorry Park)	166